



AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS CHART

FISCAL YEAR 2023

FY23 HOUSE MARK

JUNE 2022

FISCAL YEAR 2023 AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATIONS (\$ MILLIONS)

Program	FY 2021 Omnibus¹	FY 2022 Omnibus²	FY 2023 Authorized^{3,4}	FY 2023 Biden Budget	FY 2023 Full House
SARE	40.0	45.0	60.0	60.0	50.0
ORG TRS	7.0	7.5	ss	7.0	7.0
OREI	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	30.0# + 0.0	30.0# + 25.0	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS + report requirement</i>
AFRI	435.0	445.0	700.0	564.0	500
SCRI	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	80.0# + 0.0	80.0# + 25.0	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>
FSOP	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
FRSAN	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
FOTO - BFRDP ⁵	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 17.5# + 2.5 for 2501	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 20.0# + 2.0 for 2501	25.0# + 50.0	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 25.0# + 2.5 for BFRDP	

¹ Amounts do not reflect the FY21 sequestration and do not include emergency COVID relief appropriations, just “traditional” appropriations

² Amounts do not reflect sequestration and do not include ARPA COVID response funding.

³ Amounts do not reflect sequestration.

⁴ Authorized levels reflect changes made in the 2018 Farm Bill.

⁵ The 2018 Farm Bill combines BFRDP and 2501 into the Farming Opportunities Training and Outreach (FOTO) Program. Both mandatory and discretionary funding is split equally between the two programs.

Program	FY 2021 Omnibus ¹	FY 2022 Omnibus ²	FY 2023 Authorized ^{3,4}	FY 2023 Biden Budget	FY 2023 Full House
FOTO - 2501 ⁶	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 17.5# + 2.5 for 2501	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 20.0# + 2.0 for 2501	25.0# + 50.0 ^{vi}	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 20.0# + 0.0 for FOTO	
OPPE ⁷	7.0	8.0	2.0	13.3	11.29
RBDG	37.0	37.0	65.0	37.0	37.0
ATTRA	2.8	2.8	5.0	2.8	2.8
RCDG ⁸	8.8 (3.0 for SDA grants)	8.8 (3.0 for SDA grants)	40.0	5.8 (3.0 for SDA grants)	8.8 (3.0 for SDA grants)
RMAP	6.0	6.5 for grants + 150.0 loan level	20.0	6.0 for grants + 150.0 loan level	6.0 for grants + 25 loan level
LAMP - VAPG ⁹	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 19.0# + 12.0 grants + 3.0 for <i>Ag innovation centers</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 19.0# + 13.0 grants + 3.0 for <i>Ag innovation centers</i>	19.0# + 20.0 ¹⁰	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 19.0# + 15.0 + 3.0 for <i>Ag innovation centers</i>	50# + 13.0 for grants
B&I Local Food Loans	1000.0 loan level	1250.0 loan level	At least 5% of total funding	1.5b loan level	2.0b loan level

⁶ Section 2501 is shorthand for “Outreach and Assistance for Socially Disadvantaged and Veteran Farmers and Ranchers Program.”

⁷ The President’s budget for FY19 created an Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement by combining the Office of Advocacy and Outreach; the Faith-Based and Neighborhood Partnerships staff; the Office of Tribal Relations; and the Military Veterans Liaison. What was OAO is now part of OPPE. Additionally, the 2018 Farm Bill formally changes the name of OAO to OPPE.

⁸ This includes both the Rural Cooperative Development Grants general program, as well as, the Socially-Disadvantaged Groups Grants subprogram, for which \$3 million out of the total \$8.8 million is set-aside.

⁹ The 2018 Farm Bill provided mandatory funding of \$19 million for VAPG through LAMP, which includes \$17.5 million for grants and \$1.5 million for administrative expenses.

¹⁰ The 2018 Farm Bill combines FMLFPP and VAPG into the Local Agriculture Market Program. Both mandatory and discretionary funding is split between the two programs. The amount listed is the total combined discretionary authorization for LAMP.

Program	FY 2021 Omnibus ¹	FY 2022 Omnibus ²	FY 2023 Authorized ^{3,4}	FY 2023 Biden Budget	FY 2023 Full House
			(no less than 40.0)		
HFFI	5.0	5.0	125.0 until expended	5.0	5.0
REAP	<i>No CHIMPS + 0.392 (loans)</i>	50.0# + 12.5 (grants) + 0.420 (loan capital)	50.0# + 20.0	50.0# + 30.0 (grants) + 0.018 (loan capital)	10.045
BCAP	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0
SCBG	<i>No CHIMPS 85.0#</i>	<i>No CHIMPS 85.0#</i>	85.0#	<i>No CHIMPS 85.0#</i>	<i>No CHIMPS 85.0#</i>
NOP ¹¹	18.0	20.0	5.0# ¹² + 18.0	19.4	5.0# + 2.0
NOCCS	4.0# + carryover + report language on inaccurate \$\$estimates	0.0	8.0# + carryover funding	0.0	0.0
LAMP - AMS ¹³	<i>No CHIMPS 31.0# + 7.4 for FMLFPP</i>	<i>No CHIMPS 31.0#+ 7.4 for FMLFPP</i>	31.0# + 20.0 ¹¹	<i>No CHIMPS 31.0#+ 7.4 for FMLFPP</i>	\$7.4
FMNP	21.0	26.0	ss	24.5	20.0

¹¹ The 2014 Farm Bill provides \$5 million in mandatory funding over 5 years. This figure does not reflect an annual amount. Sequestration is applied once to the entire 5-year pot, using the FY 2014 sequestration rate of 7.2 percent. This leaves \$4.6 million available for FY 2014-2018.

¹² The 2018 Farm Bill includes \$5 million in mandatory funding for a new data collection system on organic import enforcement administered by NOP.

¹³ This includes both the grant funding and administrative expenses for LAMP's subprograms, the Farmers Market and Local Food Promotion Program and the Regional Partnership Program. FMLFPP is provided \$23.5 million for grants, RPP is provided \$5 million for grants, the remaining funds are for administrative expenses.

Program	FY 2021 Omnibus¹	FY 2022 Omnibus²	FY 2023 Authorized^{3,4}	FY 2023 Biden Budget	FY 2023 Full House
SR FMNP	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 20.6#	20.6#	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 20.6#	
CFSA ¹⁴	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 5.0#	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 5.0#	5.0#	<i>No CHIMPS</i> 5.0#	5.0
SMG	6.9	7.0	7.5	6.9	7.0
DFO	2500.0	2800.0	1500.0	3100.0	3100.0
GFO	3300.0	3500.0	3500.0	3500.0	3500.0
DOL	1633.0	1633.33	1500.0	1633.33	1663.33
GOL-U	2118.4	2118.48	3500.0	2118.49	2118.49
BFR IDA	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0
CONS OPS ¹⁵	832.727 (CTA -734.255)	904.396 (CTA - 759.813)	ss	1000.0 (CTA - 885.578)	1023.777 (CTA - \$883.7)

¹⁴ Not subject to sequestration.

¹⁵ Funding provided for CTA includes \$3m for climate hubs, \$1m for a soil health initiative, and \$14m for GLCI

Program	FY 2021 Omnibus ¹	FY 2022 Omnibus ²	FY 2023 Authorized ^{3,4}	FY 2023 Biden Budget	FY 2023 Full House
GLCI ¹⁶	0.0	14.0	60.0	0.0	
CSP	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	800.0# + funding for existing contracts	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>
EQIP	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	1850.0#	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>
RCPP ¹⁷	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	300.0#	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>
ACEP	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	450.0#	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>
AMA	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	10.0#	<i>No CHIMPS</i>	<i>No CHIMPS</i>
F2S	#5.0 + 12.0 + language to increase grant size max	#5.0 + 12.0 + language to increase grant size max	5.0# + ss	#5.0 + 12.0 + language to increase grant size max	#5.0 + 12.0 + language to limit max grant size to \$500,000
Office of Urban Agriculture	7.0	8.5	25.0	13.0	\$13.5
Urban Ag Data Collection Initiative	0.0	0.0	14.0	0.0	0.0

¹⁶ Funding for the Grazing Lands Conservation Initiative is included as part of CTA funding.

¹⁷ FY17 and FY18 RCPP numbers reflect funding pulled from the covered programs, in addition to the \$100m in standalone RCPP funding. The 2018 Farm Bill changes the program to no longer pull from the covered programs but instead receives \$300m in mandatory funding / year under the life of the farm bill.

Program	FY 2021 Omnibus ¹	FY 2022 Omnibus ²	FY 2023 Authorized ^{3,4}	FY 2023 Biden Budget	FY 2023 Full House
Tenure, Ownership, Transition of Agricultural Land Survey	<i>Included in NASS total budget</i>	<i>Included in NASS total budget</i>	3.0	0.0	<i>Included in NASS total budget</i>
FSIS Small Plants Fee Relief	n/a	5.0	n/a	0.0 + existing pandemic response funding	n/a

KEY -- Program Name (Lead Agency at USDA)

SARE	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education (NIFA)
ORG TRS	Organic Transition Research Program (NIFA)
OREI	Organic Agriculture Research and Extension Initiative (NIFA)
AFRI	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (NIFA)
SCRI	Specialty Crop Research Initiative (NIFA)
FSOP	Food Safety Outreach Program (NIFA)
FRSAN	Farm and Ranch Stress Assistance Network (NIFA)
FOTO	Farming Opportunities Training and Outreach (NIFA/OPPE)
BFRDP	Beginning Farmer and Rancher Development Program (NIFA)
2501	Outreach and Assistance for Socially Disadvantaged Farmers and Ranchers (OPPE)
OPPE	Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement (Office of the Secretary)
RBDG	Rural Business Development Grants (RBCS)
ATTRA	Appropriate Technology Transfer for Rural Areas (RBCS)
RCDG	Rural Cooperative Development Grants (RBCS)
RMAP	Rural Microentrepreneur Assistance Program (RBCS)
LAMP	Local Agriculture Market Program (AMS, RD)
VAPG	Value-Added Producer Grants (RBCS)
B&I	Business and Industry Loans (RBCS)
HFFI	Healthy Food Financing Initiative (Office of the Secretary)
REAP	Rural Energy for America Program (RBCS)
BCAP	Biomass Crop Assistance Program (FSA)
SCBG	Specialty Crop Block Grants (AMS)
NOP	National Organic Program, and related spending on national organic standards (AMS)
NOCCS	National Organic Certification Cost Share (FSA)
FMLFPP	Farmers Market and Local Food Promotion Program (AMS)
FMNP	WIC Farmers Market Nutrition Program (FNS)
SR FMNP	Seniors Farmers Market Nutrition Program (FNS)

CFSA	Community Food Security Act - includes Community Food Grants and Healthy Urban Food Enterprise Development Center (NIFA)
SMG	State Mediation Grants (FSA)
DFO	Direct Farm Ownership Loans (FSA)
GFO	Guaranteed Farm Ownership Loans (FSA)
DOL	Direct Operating Loans (FSA)
GOL-U	Guaranteed Operating Loans – unsubsidized (FSA)
BFR IDA	Beginning Farmer and Rancher Individual Development Account Program (FSA)
CONS OPS	Conservation Operations (includes Conservation Technical Assistance) (NRCS)
CTA	Conservation Technical Assistance (NRCS)
CSP	Conservation Stewardship Program (NRCS)
EQIP	Environmental Quality Incentives Program (NRCS)
RCPP	Regional Conservation Partnership Initiative (NRCS)
ACEP	Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (NRCS)
AMA	Agricultural Management Assistance Program (NRCS, RMA, AMS)
F2S	Farm to School Grant Program (FNS)
GLCI	Grazing Lands Conservation Initiative (NRCS)

NOTES ON CHART:

ss = authorized at “such sums as may be appropriated” rather than a specific dollar amount

= Amounts followed by “#” mandatory funding levels provided in the farm bill through the Commodity Credit Corporation or directly from the Treasury. Many programs with mandatory funding also include an authorization for discretionary funding, and receive discretionary appropriations. Other programs with mandatory funding are cut through the appropriation process through CHIMPS – Changes to Mandatory Program Spending.

Discretionary Programs. These programs are authorized by the 2018 Farm Bill, an earlier farm bill, or another agricultural authorization bill for which the actual funding level for the program in any given year is determined by the annual appropriations bill. Discretionary programs also include programs without specific authorizations that are started by USDA under more general authorities.

Mandatory Programs. These programs were provided mandatory (direct) funding in the 2018 Farm Bill, an earlier farm bill, or some earlier authorization bill, not normally subject to change in the appropriations bill. However, over the years, the appropriations committee has sometimes made use of a technique to limit or eliminate mandatory spending by not providing appropriated funds to pay for the salaries and expenses of USDA staff to implement the program. This allows the appropriators to kill or limit the program in question and then spend the money saved on discretionary programs.

CHIMPS = Change In Mandatory Program Spending, which refers to cuts that appropriations bills make to “mandatory” (also known as “direct” or “non-discretionary”) spending.